## **SNR-SFP-SX Series**

Multi-Mode 1310nm GBE/FC/FE Duplex SFP Transceiver RoHS6 Compliant

#### **Features**

- ◆ Operating data rate up to 1.25Gbps
- 1310nm FP laser transmitter
- ◆ 2km with 50/125µm -110 MMF(OM2+)
- ◆ Single 3.3V power supply and TTL Logic Interface
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint duplex LC connector interface
- Class 1 FDA and IEC60825-1 laser safety compliant
- Operating case temperature

Standard: 0°C~+70°C

Industrial:-40°C~+85°C

- ◆ Compliant with SFP MSA
- ◆ Compliant with SFF-8472



## **Applications**

- ◆ Fiber Channel Links
- Gigabit Ethernet Links
- Fast Ethernet Links
- Other Optical Links

# **Ordering Information**

Part No.	Data Rate	Fiber	Distance*(note2)	Interface	Temp.	DDMI
SNR-SFP-SX-1310 <sup>note1</sup>	≤1.25Gbps	MMF	2000m	LC	Standard	NO

Note1: Standard version

Note2: 2km with 50/125µ m-110 MMF.

## **Regulatory Compliance**

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) to the Electrical Pins	MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7	Class 1C (>1000V)
Electrostatic Discharge to the Enclosure	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC-61000-4-2 GR-1089-CORE	Compliant with Standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN55022:2006 CISPR 22B :2006 VCCI Class B	Compliant with Standards Noise Frequency Range: 30MHz to 6GHz. Good system EMI design practice required to achieve Class B margins. System margins are dependent on customer host board and chassis design.
Immunity	EN 55024:1998+A1+A2 IEC 61000-4-3	Compliant with standards.  1KHz sine-wave, 80% AM, from 80MHz to 1GHz. No effect on transmitter/receiver performance is detectable between these limits.
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN (IEC) 60825-1:2007 EN (IEC) 60825-2:2004+A1	CDRH compliant and Class I laser product. TüV Certificate No. 50135086
Component Recognition	UL and CUL EN60950-1:2006	UL File E317337 TüV Certificate No. 50135086 (CB Scheme)
RoHS6	2002/95/EC 4.1&4.2 2005/747/EC 5&7&13	Compliant with Standards*Note3

Note3: For update of the equipments and strict control of raw materials, SNR has the ability to supply the customized products since Jan 1, 2007, which meet the requirements of RoHS6 (Restrictions on use of certain Hazardous Substances) of European Union.

In light of item 5 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC, Item 5: Lead in glass of cathode ray tubes, electronic components and fluorescent tubes.

In light of item 13 in RoHS exemption list of RoHS Directive 2005/747/EC, Item13: Lead and cadmium in optical and filter glass. The three exemptions are being concerned for SNR's transceivers, because SNR's transceivers use glass, which may contain Pb, for components such as lenses, windows, isolators, and other electronic components.

#### **Product Description**

The SNR-SFP-SX-1310 series multi-mode transceiver is small form factor pluggable module for bi-directional serial optical data communications such as Ethernet and SDH/SONET. It is with the SFP 20-pin connector to allow hot plug capability. This module is designed for multi-mode fiber and operates at a nominal wavelength of 1310nm.

The transmitter section uses a multiple quantum well 1310nm laser and is a class 1 laser compliant according to International Safety Standard IEC 60825. The receiver section uses an integrated GaAs detector preamplifier (IDP) mounted in an optical header and a limiting post-amplifier IC.

The SNR-SFP-SX-1310 series are designed to be compliant with SFF-8472 MSA.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	3.6	V
Operating Relative Humidity		-	95	%

<sup>\*</sup>Exceeding any one of these values may destroy the device immediately.

## **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol		Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
		SNR-SFP-SX-1310	0		+70	
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	SNR-SFP-SX-1310 -I	-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		3.15	3.3	3.45	>
Power Supply Current	Icc				300	mA
Date Rate					1250	Mbps

## **Performance Specifications - Electrical**

Parame	eter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes	
	Transmitter							
LVPE0 Inputs(Diffe		Vin	500		2400	mVpp	AC coupled inputs*(Note4)	
Input Impe (Differer		Zin	85	100	115	ohms	Rin > 100 kohms @ DC	
TV Die	Disable		2		Vcc	V		
TX_Dis	Enable		0		0.8	V		
TX_FAULT	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V		

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	Normal		0		0.5			
	Receiver							
	L Outputs rential)	Vout	370		2000	mVpp	AC coupled outputs*(Note4)	
-	mpedance rential)	Zout	85	100	115	ohms		
RX_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V		
KA_LUS	Normal		0		0.8	V		
MOD_DEF ( 0:2 )		VoH	2.5			V	With Serial	
IVIOD_D	/LI ( U.Z )	VoL	0		0.5	V	ID	

# **Performance Specifications – Optical**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
50µm Core Diameter MMF	L	0.5	2000		m
Data Rate			1.25		Gbps
	Transmitte	er			
Center Wavelength	λ <sub>C</sub>	1260	1310	1360	nm
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			5	nm
Average Output Power*(Note5)	Pout	-9		-3	dBm
Extinction Ratio*(Note6)	ER	8.2			dB
Rise/Fall Time(20%~80%)	tr/tf			0.26	ns
Total Jitter*(Note6)	TJ			0.43	UI
Output Optical Eye*(Note6)	IEEE802.3ah-2004 Compliant*(Note8)				
TX_Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	us
	Receive	•			
Center Wavelength	λc	1260		1600	nm
Receiver Sensitivity*(Note7)	Pmin			-21	dBm
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm
Return Loss		12			dB
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-22	dBm
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm
LOS Hysteresis*(Note9)		0.5			dB

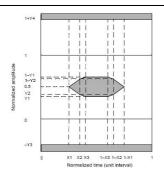
Note4: LVPECL logic, internally AC coupled.

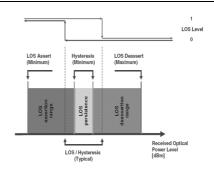
Note5: Output is coupled into a 50/125 mm-110 multi-mode fiber.

Note6: Filtered, measured with a PRBS 27-1 test pattern @1.25Gbps

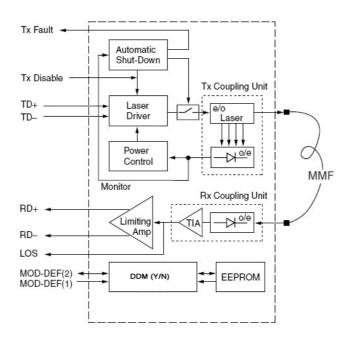
Note7: Minimum average optical power measured at BER less than 1E-12, with a 2<sup>7</sup>-1 PRBS and ER=9 dB.

Note8: Eye pattern mask Note9: LOS Hysteresis

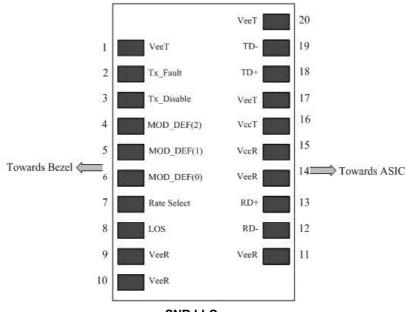




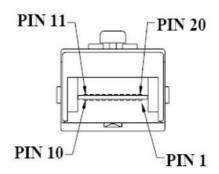
## **Functional Description of Transceiver**



## **SFP Transceiver Electrical Pad Layout**



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#### **Pin Function Definitions**

Pin Num.	Name	Function	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1)
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable	3	2) Module disables on high or open
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2	3	3) 2 wire serial ID interface.
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1	3	3) 2 wire serial ID interface.
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0	3	Grounded within the module.
7	Rate Select	Not Connect	3	Function not available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	4)
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	6)
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	7)
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	5)
15	VccR	Receiver Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
16	VccT	Transmitter Power	2	7) 3.3 ± 5%
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	8)
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	8)
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	5)

#### Notes:

1) TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K-10K\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.

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2) TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7 - 10 \text{ K}\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7K - 10K \square$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR .

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

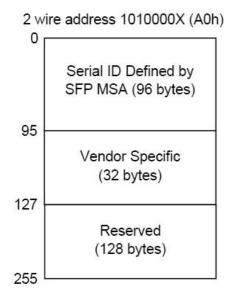
- 4) LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7K 10K\Omega$  resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.
- 5) VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled  $100\Omega$  differential lines which should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400 and 2000Mv differential (200 -1000Mv single ended) when properly terminated.
- 7) VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V ±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300Ma. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 10hm should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an inrush current of no more than 30Ma greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with  $100\Omega$  differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400 2000 Mv (200 1000Mv single-ended).

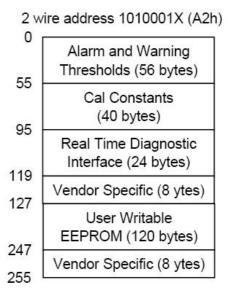
#### EEPRON

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined for the ATMEL AT24C02/04 family of components. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that

are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

The Module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field define as following .For detail EEPROM information, please refer to the related document of SFF 8472 Rev 9.3.





#### **EEPROM Serial ID Memory Contents**

Accessing Serial ID Memory uses the 2 wire address 1010000X(A0). Memory Contents of Serial ID are shown in Table 1.

Addr.	Size (Bytes)	Name of Field	Hex	Description				
BASE ID FIELDS								
0	1	Identifier	03	SFP				
1	1 1 Ext. Identifier 04	Ext. Identifier	04	SFP function is defined by				
I		serial ID only						
2	1	Connector	07	LC Connector				

**Table 1 Serial ID Memory Contents** 

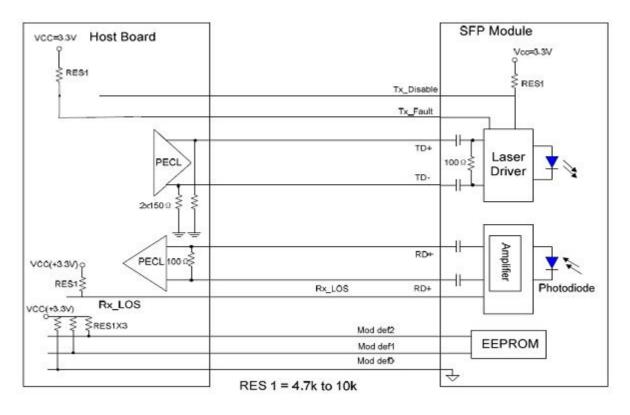
# SNR-SFP-SX-1310 SFP SX series

3-10	8	Transceiver	XX	Transmitter Code	
11	1	Encoding	01	8B10B	
12	<u>.</u> 1	BR, Nominal	0D	1.25Gbps	
13	<u>·</u> 1	Reserved	00	1.200000	
14	<u>·</u> 1	Length (9µm)km	00		
15	<u>·</u> 1	Length(9µm)100m	00	Transceiver transmit	
16	<u>·</u> 1	Length (50µm) 10m	64	distance	
17	<u>·</u> 1	Length(62.5µm)10m	37	diotairo	
18	<u>·</u> 1	Length (Copper)	00	Not compliant	
19	<u>·</u> 1	Reserved	00	140t compilant	
10	•	110001100	XX XX XX XX XX XX		
20-35	16	Vendor name	XX XX <sup>(Note10)</sup> 20 20 20	Vendor name (ASCII)	
20 00		Vollage Hallie	20 20 20 20 20	vender name (ricen)	
36	1	Reserved	00		
37-39	3	Vendor OUI	XX XX XX <sup>(Note10)</sup>		
			XX XX XX XX XX XX		
40-55	16	Vendor PN	XX XX XX XX XX XX	Transceiver part number	
			XX XX XX XX	·	
56-59	4	Vendor rev	XX XX XX XX(Note10)		
60-61	2	Wavelength	05 1E	1310nm	
62	1	Reserved	00		
-00		00 0405	Check Sum	Check code for Base ID	
63	1	CC_BASE	(Variable)	Fields	
		EXTENDE	D ID FIELDS		
				TX_DISABLE, TX_FAULT	
64-65	2	Options	00 1A	and Loss of Signal	
				implemented.	
66	1	BR,max	00		
67	1	BR,min	00		
			XX XX XX XX XX XX	Serial Number of	
68-83	16	Vendor SN	XX XX 20 20 20 20	transceiver (ASCII). For	
			20 20 20 20 <sup>(Note10)</sup>	example "B000822".	
84-91	8	Date code	XX XX XX XX XX XX	Manufactory date code.	
04-31		Date code	XX XX <sup>(Note10)</sup>	For example "080405".	
92	1	Diagnostic	XX(Note10)	Digital diagnostic	
52		Monitoring Type	7.5.	monitoring implemented	
93	1	Enhanced Options	XX <sup>(Note10)</sup>	Optional flags	
94	1	SFF_8472	XX(Note10)	01 for diagnostics (Rev9.3	
	•	Compliance		SFF-8472).	
95	1	CC_EXT		Check sum for Extended ID	
	· ·	_	(Variable)	Field.	

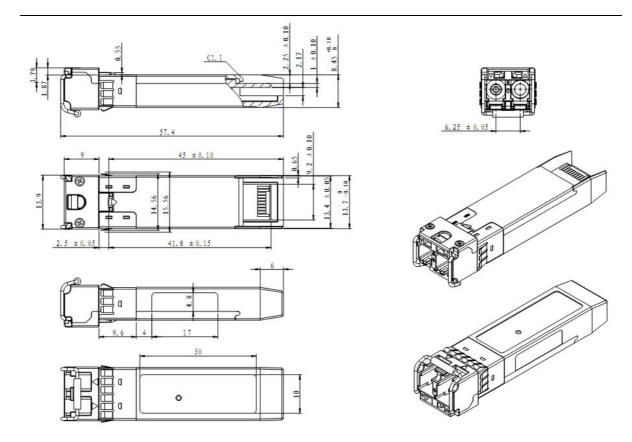
VENDOR SPECIFIC ID FIELDS						
96-127	32	Vendor Specific	Read only	Depends on customer information		
128-255	128	Reserved	Read only			

Note10: The "XX" byte should be filled in according to practical case. For more information, please refer to the related document of SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA).

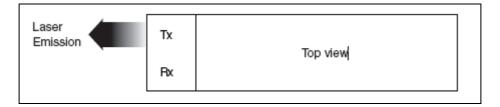
#### **Recommend Circuit Schematic**



# **Mechanical Specifications**



## **Laser Emission**



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